

Smart Video based Threat Analysis using CNN

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ABSTRACT

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Accepted : 12 Jan 2022 Published : 30 Jan 2022 In recent years, more and more video surveillance devices like drones, CCTV's have been deployed due to an increase in demands related to public security and smart cities. There is a need to overcome the existing drawbacks of post-investigation techniques of video surveillance systems by providing a pre-alert generation system. The video surveillance system has become an important part of the security and protection of modern cities. So we are going to focus on video surveillance by giving video contents containing early fire events detection, suspicious activities and smart parking systems, and crowd estimation. Smart monitoring cameras equipped with intelligent video analytics techniques can monitor and pre-alert systems by capturing suspicious activity and events. Our work is based on deep learning techniques for video analysis with better performance and event detection with the advantages of alert generation.

Keywords: Video Surveillance, Background Subtraction, Suspicious Activity, Suspicious Object, Alert Generation, CNN.

I. INTRODUCTION

From the Stone age era, security was a top priority for humans. They were threatened by being attacked by wild animals. Today, the world has evolved tremendously. Now, humans are threatened by being attacked by other humans. The recent rise of anti-social activities such as violent protests, theft, bomb attacks, and other terrorist attacks have highlighted the need for clever video surveillance systems. In the last few decades, video surveillance systems have gained tremendous attention. Because of their huge application prospects, it has attracted more and more researchers. These systems help in monitoring and alerting the surrounding threats in real-time.

Suspicious activity is any observed behavior that could indicate a person may be involved in a crime or about to commit a crime. An object is suspicious when it is unattended for a long period[4]. The problem with the current surveillance system is that it is not smart enough to report a crime and suspicious thing to the security personnel at the same time as it is recording[1]. Hence, we are proposing a system that will help to detect suspicious things as fast as possible. And at same

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time it will send alert messages to security personnel.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

According to the review carried out, the researchers have resolved various methods to detect suspicious activity in a very efficient way.

For detecting anomalous behavior, the CNN i.e. convolution neural network has been used[1]. It is based on extracting key features from each frame of the video.

For systematic proceeding, 5 suspicious activities are selected which are shooting, punching,kicking,knife attack and sword fight. After extracting images from the video frame, cleaning of images takes place (removal noise and background effects)[5]. The ResNet model of CNN is used for processing. Accuracy of 94.85% is obtained with the use of ResNet-50

A method for decision making from sequences of video frames using ML techniques and sending notifications of abnormal activities to IoT notification devices is proposed in [3]. Main focus is on developing the system for continuous monitoring of children who are kept in day care centers by their parents. For video processing, Random Forest classifier is used. The average accuracy of suspected activity prediction rate was measured to be 98.88%.

A method to detect suspicious objects in a real time environment is proposed in [4]. For detection of objects, they used a mixture of Gaussian methods. Morphological filtering is used for better detection.

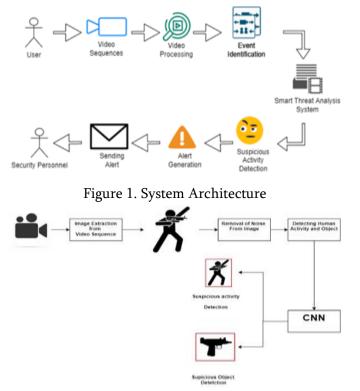


Figure 2. Proposed System

III. IV. ALGORITHM

Step 1: Input is given as video.

Step 2: Extraction of image from video takes place.

Step 3: Then many different filters are applied to the extracted image to create a feature map.

Step 4: Next a ReLU function is applied to increase non-linearity.

Step 5: hen apply a pooling layer to each and every feature map.

Step 6: The algorithm compresses the pooled images into one long vector.

Step 7: In the next step, input the vector to the algorithm into a fully connected artificial neural network.

Step 8: Processes the features via the network. At the end fully connected layer delivers the "voting" of the classes.

Step 9: In this last step trains through forward propagation and back propagation for numerous



FIGURES AND TABLES

epochs. This repetition occurs until we have a welldefined neural network with trained weights and feature detectors.

IV. CONCLUSION

All the implementation mentioned is based on the processing of video sequences, giving it to a deep learning model to give the required results. This model tries its best for early detection of the occurrence of suspicious activities and report it to the security personnel. This model will be helpful for every CCTV and drone camera. This model will perform better than the original one.

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